Issues further instructions *re.* Grant of Permission to Civil Government Servants to join the Army Regular Reserve of Officers.

REFERENCE—

(1) O. M. No. GAD 91 SRR 62, dated 5th December 1962.
(2) O. M. No. GAD 161 SRR 62, dated 14th December 1962.
(3) O. M. No. GAD 91 SRR 62, dated 25th February 1963.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM

No. GAD 91 SRR 62, DATED BANGALORE, THE 28TH JULY/3RD AUGUST 1964 (SHRAVANA 6/12, SAKA ERA 1886).

Instructions have been issued in O.M. cited above regarding grant of permission to Civilian Government Servants to join the Indian Naval Reserve, the Indian Naval Volunteer Reserve and the Territorial Army. The question whether the State Government Servants should be permitted to join the Army Regular Reserve of Officers has been under consideration of Government for some time. It has now been decided that while the categories of Government servants who cannot be released for Military Service during an Emergency in terms of O. M. No. GAD 91 SRR 62, dated 5th December 1962 and those that are already enrolled in the Territorial Army and other Auxiliary Forces should not be permitted to join the Army Regular Reserves of Officers, no impediments should ordinarily be placed in the way of other State Government Servants willing to join the Army Regular Reserves.

The occasions on which officers of the Army Regular Reserve of Officers can be called up for service are as follows :—

(*a*) for training;
(*b*) for service in the Army during the period of an emergency or general mobilisation.

So far as training is concerned, it will be for the undermentioned periods :—

(*a*) Officers of the Army Regular Reserve of Officers of Class 'A' will do three months attachment to the respective Regimental Centre/School of Instruction;
(*b*) Thereafter, one month's training every alternate year.

The Government servants granted commission in the Army Regular Reserve of Officers will be governed by the provisions laid down in Official Memorandum No. GAD 91 SRR 62, dated 4th January, 1963 in regard to the admissibility of pay and allowances and protection of lien on their Civil appointments and extension of benefits under the 'next below rule'.

The periods of absence from duty of Civilian Government Servants occasioned by their interview/medical examination, etc., in connection with their joining the above reserve should be treated as special casual leave. This concession would, however, be admissible only in those cases where it may not be possible for the Government servants concerned to attend to their civilian duties after the interview/medical examination, etc. If a Government Servant withdraws his candidature at the interview, he would not be entitled to any special casual leave.

B. PURUSHOTHAM,
Under Secy. to Govt.,
G. A. D. (Services Rules).